The Register, 1969-12-12

North Carolina Agricultural and Technical State University

Follow this and additional works at: https://digital.library.ncat.edu/atregister

Recommended Citation
https://digital.library.ncat.edu/atregister/376

This Book is brought to you for free and open access by the Digital Collections at Aggie Digital Collections and Scholarship. It has been accepted for inclusion in NCAT Student Newspapers by an authorized administrator of Aggie Digital Collections and Scholarship. For more information, please contact iyanna@ncat.edu.
Black Students Support Strikers

By Cohlen N. Greene

More than 200 students from A & T, Bennett, and UNC-G came to a November Tuesday evening to hear an account of the fight for liberation at UNC-Chapel Hill.

SGA President And Veep To Be Paid For Services

A two-hour session of the Student Legislature adjourned Wednesday night after passing a series of bills, resolutions, and amendments. Among these bills approved was one to appropriate funds from the budget of the Student Government Association in order that the President and Vice-President may receive compensation for their services.

The members of the Legislature there unanimously passed the motion made for the allocation of the approved funds. The president and the vice president will receive $50 each on a month-to-month basis that is, they will both receive $50 a month with a total of $100 each coming from the fund.

Brought out in the discussion of the bill by SGA President Vincent McCullough was the fact that the current legislature has not been able to accommodate the allocation of funds previously in order that the president and vice president might receive compensation for the services they render.

SGA Fair Is电行 To Be Held This Month

On Tuesday evening three black core leaders voiced their dissatisfaction in the office of the SGA Attorney General, Leon Johnson, along with four black members of the Student Senate, the Student Body President, and several striking cafeteria workers.

The SGA Fair, speaking imprompto to more than 1200 students and faculty at the stadium of Lenox Hall, the main cafeteria on campus, said that whether or not the workers in the Student Senate, the Student Body President, and several striking cafeteria workers.

SGA Fair is electric to be held this month.

Univ. Choir To Present Its Annual Concert

By Steve Mountain

On Sunday, December 15, the North Carolina A&T State University Choir will present its annual Christmas Concert under the direction of Dean Margaret Shaw, director of the North Carolina A&T State University Choir.

The program will consist of seven choral movements for organ by tenor, bass, and alto voices, and will be accompanied by piano.

Cox Displays Leadership Through Class Project

Eric Cox

By Ronald Topping

The Sophomore Class, under the leadership of its president, Eric Cox, plans to present the school "something unique" as a class project. The plan will consist of two signs. These will be brick monument type structures, with the school name carved into a stone insert and lights. The exact inscription will read, "North Carolina Agricultural and Technical State University," Class of 72." They are to resemble in general appearance the sign on UNC-Ch's campus.

The class started work on its project in early October, and they feel that the suggestions were to place trees in front of the Student Union. However, this suggestion was ruled out, because the class desired to present the school something it could enjoy and appreciate now, not 20 years from now.

In order to help pay for the gift, the class has planned fund-raising activities on and off the campus. Thursday it plans to present Fire and Games Night at East Gym. The affair will be built around a dance with skill and prize. The underclassmen will be 25. The group wants to take its talent show, presented here in November, to other schools during the second semester. The groups of schools included in the tour will be Dudley High School here in Greensboro and Winston-Salem State University in Winston-Salem.

If the signs can be completed before the end of school, the class plans a dedication ceremony stated Cox.
Campus Leaders Explain

Black Monday Meaning

(Continued From Page 1)

destroy the forces which cause oppression of blacks instead of working with them, referring to Saga. But we felt our physical appearance would help the cause; therefore, we at MNU decided to come.'

In a second meeting held at 2 P.M. Monday in the Student Movement Building (SMB) at UNC-G, the spokesman stated that this was the first time he had seen three many blacks on campus and "all you can say is that brothers and sisters are welcome here." Similar comments were personally thanked the students for their supporting support. "All of you, you and I and you are the key that unlocked the door for us on Monday. It was our key." Monday was the key to our success and the workers truly thank you.

Another worker commented that "it's a way to explain who or what caused the strike to happen."

The strike was going on and we made the decision to stop working (Saga) heard you brothers and sisters are welcome here." Similar comments were personally thanked the students for their supporting support. "All of you, you and I and you are the key that unlocked the door for us on Monday. It was our key." Monday was the key to our success and the workers truly thank you.

WHEREAS: The President of the student government (SGA) stated that from now on, there is a new policy that the SGA does not discuss the names of any black person. In choosing the name, consideration must be given to the name of the person whose name is being considered. As long as the white man is allowed to call any black folks neger, boy, or nigger, we do not want the black students the same. We can't afford to let this happen." Lee explained.

Other agenda of the Student Legislative Body is to draft a letter to a committee of the Board of Trustees to pass through all UNC-G restaurants. The president of the student government (SGA) passed legislation to rename Scott Hall on Chapel Hill.

A bill was finally passed that stated from now on, the student government (SGA) does not discuss the names of any black person. In choosing the name, consideration must be given to the name of the person whose name is being considered. As long as the white man is allowed to call any black folks neger, boy, or nigger, we do not want the black students the same. We can't afford to let this happen." Lee explained.

However, it was made clear that any building already named for a black individual would remain as it is, but all the names of folks who have been affected, such as Scott Hall, would be renamed.

By Cohen N. Greene

Marching against Segregation

By Diane Bell

Dr. Manuel Villalon, who joined the staff of the Division of Business Administration in September, recently made the above statement regarding his personal feelings about teaching.

"By teaching, I learn because I know I must try various ways of explaining the subject matter. As I make progress with my students, I can't help knowing that subject until you have to teach it." Dr. Villalon says he enjoys teaching Business Law most, but contrary to all expectations, many blacks on campus "all you can say is that brothers and sisters are welcome here." Similar comments were personally thanked the students for their supporting support. "All of you, you and I and you are the key that unlocked the door for us on Monday. It was our key." Monday was the key to our success and the workers truly thank you.

Another worker commented that "it's a way to explain who or what caused the strike to happen."

Dr. Manuel Villalon, who joined the staff of the Division of Business Administration in September, recently made the above statement regarding his personal feelings about teaching.

"By teaching, I learn because I know I must try various ways of explaining the subject matter. As I make progress with my students, I can't help knowing that subject until you have to teach it." Dr. Villalon says he enjoys teaching Business Law most, but contrary to all expectations, many blacks on campus "all you can say is that brothers and sisters are welcome here." Similar comments were personally thanked the students for their supporting support. "All of you, you and I and you are the key that unlocked the door for us on Monday. It was our key." Monday was the key to our success and the workers truly thank you.

Another worker commented that "it's a way to explain who or what caused the strike to happen."
McSwain Voices Views About Student Politics

By Cohen N. Greene

Another figure in the realm of campus leaders is Lawrence C. McSwain. McSwain presently holds the position of President of the Student Senate in Raleigh. As a political science major from Kings Mountain, McSwain freely expresses his ideas concerning campus issues and politics.

In response to student involvement in politics, McSwain said, “I don’t foresee any major changes in the student political structure at A&T in the near future. The students will elect the students on the basis of what they can do rather than on popularity. Students will judge candidates on the contributions they have made and can make to the university. There is a lot of popularity politics here, but I believe this will change during the next election.”

McSwain stated that there is not a lack of student involvement in politics. When asked if A&T politics is moving towards a party system, he stated “There is a slight possibility of students running and voting on strictly a party basis, but I haven’t seen enough motivation and concern over elections.”

“Only 1200 out of approximately 4000 students voted in the election last spring. This was not much more than previous years. Students at A&T don’t have time to get involved,” he said. “I’ve never heard of or approached one-third, is not really significant enough for a party system.”

McSwain was an unsuccessful candidate for SGA President during the spring elections. Commenting on the administration that is in office this year, he stated, “I can’t really criticize the present SGA administration, but I will make a few recommendations. More could be done if an organization or a committee were set up to deal directly with examining department chairmen, faculty members, and programs of the school. This committee composed of students could act as a public relations body with the different segments of the University.”

“To my knowledge, no records of the meetings of SGA are published and distributed to the student body, I hope that a record of or condensation of the entire record of the meetings will be published of each meeting and made available to the student body,” he continued.

McSwain feels that being President of the Student Senate does not affect him socially or academically. He stated that the Student Senate is not a real thing, the whole thing is mock. He continued that “We’re trying to make it significant. We want the Student Senate to offer something concrete to students. It should be a kind of lobby to get more influence legislation that affects student life.”

Lawrence C. McSwain

SUBSCRIBE NOW!!!
To: The A&T Register For $5.00
Per Year.
Mail Your Subscription To
Box E-25, N.C. A&T State University, Greensboro, N.C.

Columbia Records.®

and buy yourself a hog!
There isn’t anyone you know who doesn’t dig music.
Especially by one of these great artists. It’s the perfect gift.
(And you’ll save a lot more bread than you did last Christmas, too.)
You could use a short, couldn’t you?

December 12, 1969 The Register Page 3

Medical Conference For Blacks Organized - NY

The Black Science Students Organization of the City College of New York will organize a national conference on Black Students in medicine, dentistry, and graduate schools, on December 19-21. The purposes of this conference will be to: (1) dispel many of the myths that have been perpetuated upon the Black student community in a whole regarding medical and graduate schools and opportunities in these fields; (2) discuss criteria that have been used for acceptance into medical schools and graduate schools, and suggest new methods and new guidelines for the selection of candidates; (3) to inform Black students of the new programs that have been developed by many medical schools throughout the country; and (4) to give medical schools and graduate schools the opportunity to meet and discuss with a large group of Black students, both medical and undergraduate, their thoughts and reactions to the new mood in these fields with regard to Black admissions.

As part of the program to affect both high school and undergraduate level Black students, high school representatives of the student body and guidance counselors from the New York area have also been invited. Medical schools and graduate schools from all across the country have indicated their approval of the conference and have agreed to participate.

Support for the conference has come from the faculty of City College and the Chancellor’s Fund of the City University of New York. More contributors are expected during the next week.

The conference will last three days, from Dec. 19 to Dec. 21. On the morning of the 21, the participants of the conference will tour the new facilities at Harlem Hospital. The majority of the conference will be held at City College, located on the edge of this nation’s largest ghetto Harlem.
Chapel Hill Strike

The concern of Black people across this state about the strike at the University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill was thought to be a determining factor in the early Monday morning settlement of this month old strike.

 Negotiations had been conducted throughout the strike with very significant results developing. It only happened after the unexpected appearance of the Rev. Ralph Abernathy last week and the threat of what might happen when Black students from across the state gathered on that campus that concessions were made by Saga Food Service.

It is rather apparent that Saga could have ended this strike much earlier if it really had the welfare of their employees (i.e., Black brothers and sisters) at heart rather than its own personal interest.

The question has been raised as to why Black Monday (as Monday's gathering of Black students has been called) occurred since the strike had been settled earlier that morning.

The answer to this question is twofold. First, Blacks converged on the UNC-CH campus because our presence was requested by the workers even after the strike had been settled. Secondly, Black Monday still took place to show Saga and others that Black students could and would come to the aid of their Black brothers and sisters being oppressed by whites if the need arises.

The gathering of these brothers and sisters is historical in nature. It showed the ever increasing unification between brothers and sisters in this city, state and country, it is a unification that threatens to finally end the division between Blacks caused by the efforts of whites to keep us apart.

This is by no means the last time that a Black Monday will occur. They will occur whenever the need for such is felt.

Campus Junk Yards?

Walking across this campus one notices quite a few "eyesores" The most apparent "eyesore" and one that can easily be alliviated is that of the campus "junk yards" consisting of four cars that should have been removed from this campus months ago. Passing near the campus laundry, one notices a truck, wrecked and burned during the May Disorders. It makes students think that this is the first installment of "memories of the May Disorders."

These junked vehicles definitely detract from the appearance of the campus. They are "eyesores" which can easily be alliviated is that of the campus "junk yards."

Campus Beautification is every Aggies Business.

Eating With Flies

In Murphy Hall

Editor of the Register:

Do you know anyone who enjoys eating with flies? Well, neither do I, so tell me why there are flies on the walls of Murphy Hall? I am aware of the fact that flies like to eat meat, but why don't they get their grub elsewhere? What little we students eat is in the dining hall. They were bad in late summer, but they are even worse now. It amazes me how they can stand the cold.

Something must be done about these creatures at once before we are forced to employ physical force. Just today I foresaw myself in the murmur of the students, "Oh, here he comes again with his foot-high afro, decked out in his foot-high afro, dashiki, and peace band. He greeted you with the sign of "Black Power" with his right hand and the other was used to order his pledgee (but, brother, what a wonderful brother) to some worthless and ungodliness stunt. But wait, before we go further. Please Black brothers and sisters, let us examine our motives.

Black Greek Organizations began as a result of rejections by the whites of our people to our organizations. Our rebuffed ancestors (without thought of creating a new type of recreation) started their own fraternities and sororities. As a result of this and other campuses. They could be tolerated then, in those days when Black men were boys and received the content to sit in the back of every movie and public vehicle, use "separate" restrooms, use "separate" drinking fountains, and when "shuffling" was our "national" dance. But things have taken a slow but progressive turn.

Black Greek Organizations which function with the same philosophy as other organizations. It is hoped that this editorial will prompt the proper authorities to take steps to see that this campus remains one to be proud of from the physical viewpoint. The campus beautification is every Aggies business.

Linda King

Express Yourself!!

Write For The A&T Poor Review. Tell Of Any Experience Or Mood In The Form Of Prose.

Deadline For Poems Is January 30.

Coed Terms Pleading Spectacle As Ridiculous

May have told me to stay out of it, to mind my own business. But I say the problem is mine, my color and past makes me sensitive to any kind of deformation to a Black person.

The question is, why are they here for improvement, but can they build this without first recognizing part in that endeavor we cannot build alone. The building cannot be raised until all components are constructed.

The complaints must halt from a nation where all are Black, Beautiful and PROUD.

Brenda Lane

Project Faith

Editor of the Register:

The "PROJECT FAITH" movement requests that you aid me by publishing the following open letter to the students of your campus.

Fellow Students of the United States, we will join with you in helping this nation to know that there is a God, a universal one; that there is a universal and universalized religion, positive with all; a universal and universalized courage commit ourselves as individuals to FAITH in our own personal lives and to THE WHOLE. "PROJECT FAITH" movement calls upon students of all political persuasions to commit ourselves to the principles which have made this nation and the world.

We DO NOT believe in WAR to be the solution to the problems facing humanity! We recognize that our society has problems which must be solved, reforms which must be made, therefore "PROJECT FAITH" calls upon the individual to contribute to the continued growth of our society. As individuals reaffirm and renew our dedication to the principles of this movement and its goals, progress can continue.

We reject NEGATIVISM because NEGATIVISM offers no solution, NEGATIVISM divides and destroys! NEGATIVISM depletes the very potential which should be expanded in creative constructive endeavors! Work with us by forming "PROJECT FAITH" groups on your campus. Any organization or group of students who wishes to carry out "PROJECT FAITH" need do nothing but "torch" on your campus please contact Brenda Lane, Lynn Whitcomb, Paul Henry, or myself for "PROJECT FAITH"... Beenall Hall, Ball State University, Muncie, Indiana 47306.
Rights For Women

By Dick Gregory

Recent human rights, student and peace demonstrations have brought into focus one of the longest standing injustices in our society — the second-class status of women. Women of all ages have swelled the ranks of demonstrators against the war in Vietnam, none of whom are faced with the immediate problem of facing the draft men. The war represents a battle of egos, not sex, for women. Men are fighting for their own rights, not those of women. Men don't 300 thousand people stand for each test. Women came to college as students, not as women, and they should be treated on an equal student basis with men. If problems arise, the number of women students is not a reason to single them out as students on campus, they should keep them at home.

Women work just as hard as men for their degrees; it takes them just as long to earn a doctorate, yet they know in advance that men holding the same degree are paid less than white men. Women pay the same food prices as men. They pay the same hospital fees and doctor bills. Salaries continue to reflect the same differences.

Marlene Dixon, writing in the December issue of Ramparts magazine, clearly demonstrates the salary inequity of working women, regardless of race, are more disadvantaged than men. Women don't make $2600 less than white men and $1500 less than non-white men. The brut of the inequality is carried by 2.5 million non-white women. Women are black. They earn $3800 less than white men, $1900 less than non-white men, and $1200 less than white women. Miss Dixon provides further documentation of the deprivation and degradation of women. For example the decline in educational achievement at a time when higher educational levels are demanded. She says: “In 1962... while women constituted 53 percent of the graduating high school class, only 42 percent of the women held jobs. Women in the labor force were 10 percent less than men. Only one in three people who received a B.A. or M.A. in that year was a woman, and only one in ten who received a Ph.D. was a woman. These figures represent a decline in educational achievement for women since the 1930s when women received two out of five of the B.A. and M.A. degrees given, and one out of seven of the Ph.D.s. While there has been a dramatic increase in the number of people, including women, who go to college, women have not kept pace with men in terms of educational achievement.

There is an insidious psychological superiority of men over women which pervades the moral structure of our society. A man can get drunk and drive a car, be arrested, have his license revoked and be home by 2 a.m. curfew. Men can stay out and study together all night or sneak into the library after hours. Yet women have to come home at a certain hour. Men can own a head start on each test. Women often have to reminisce of the second-class status of women.

Women don't get a 30 percent head start on each test. Women came to college as students, not as women, and they should be treated on an equal student basis with men. If problems arise, the number of women students is not a reason to single them out as students on campus, they should keep them at home.

Women work just as hard as men for their degrees; it takes them just as long to earn a doctorate, yet they know in advance that men holding the same degree are paid less than white men. Women pay the same food prices as men. They pay the same hospital fees and doctor bills. Salaries continue to reflect the same differences.

Marlene Dixon, writing in the December issue of Ramparts magazine, clearly demonstrates the salary inequity of working women, regardless of race, are more disadvantaged than men. Women don't make $2600 less than white men and $1500 less than non-white men. The brut of the inequality is carried by 2.5 million non-white women. Women are black. They earn $3800 less than white men, $1900 less than non-white men, and $1200 less than white women. Miss Dixon provides further documentation of the deprivation and degradation of women. For example the decline in educational achievement at a time when higher educational levels are demanded. She says: “In 1962... while women constituted 53 percent of the graduating high school class, only 42 percent of the women held jobs. Women in the labor force were 10 percent less than men. Only one in three people who received a B.A. or M.A. in that year was a woman, and only one in ten who received a Ph.D. was a woman. These figures represent a decline in educational achievement for women since the 1930s when women received two out of five of the B.A. and M.A. degrees given, and one out of seven of the Ph.D.s. While there has been a dramatic increase in the number of people, including women, who go to college, women have not kept pace with men in terms of educational achievement.

There is an insidious psychological superiority of men over women which pervades the moral structure of our society. A man can get drunk and drive a car, be arrested, have his license revoked and be home by 2 a.m. curfew. Men can stay out and study together all night or sneak into the library after hours. Yet women have to come home at a certain hour. Men can own a head start on each test. Women often have to reminisce of the second-class status of women.

Women don't get a 30 percent head start on each test. Women came to college as students, not as women, and they should be treated on an equal student basis with men. If problems arise, the number of women students is not a reason to single them out as students on campus, they should keep them at home.

Women work just as hard as men for their degrees; it takes them just as long to earn a doctorate, yet they know in advance that men holding the same degree are paid less than white men. Women pay the same food prices as men. They pay the same hospital fees and doctor bills. Salaries continue to reflect the same differences.

Marlene Dixon, writing in the December issue of Ramparts magazine, clearly demonstrates the salary inequity of working women, regardless of race, are more disadvantaged than men. Women don't make $2600 less than white men and $1500 less than non-white men. The brut of the inequality is carried by 2.5 million non-white women. Women are black. They earn $3800 less than white men, $1900 less than non-white men, and $1200 less than white women. Miss Dixon provides further documentation of the deprivation and degradation of women. For example the decline in educational achievement at a time when higher educational levels are demanded. She says: “In 1962... while women constituted 53 percent of the graduating high school class, only 42 percent of the women held jobs. Women in the labor force were 10 percent less than men. Only one in three people who received a B.A. or M.A. in that year was a woman, and only one in ten who received a Ph.D. was a woman. These figures represent a decline in educational achievement for women since the 1930s when women received two out of five of the B.A. and M.A. degrees given, and one out of seven of the Ph.D.s. While there has been a dramatic increase in the number of people, including women, who go to college, women have not kept pace with men in terms of educational achievement.

There is an insidious psychological superiority of men over women which pervades the moral structure of our society. A man can get drunk and drive a car, be arrested, have his license revoked and be home by 2 a.m. curfew. Men can stay out and study together all night or sneak into the library after hours. Yet women have to come home at a certain hour. Men can own a head start on each test. Women often have to reminisce of the second-class status of women.

Women don't get a 30 percent head start on each test. Women came to college as students, not as women, and they should be treated on an equal student basis with men. If problems arise, the number of women students is not a reason to single them out as students on campus, they should keep them at home.
Recruiter For NY Bank Visits Campus

By Frankie Pauling

Last week a recruiter and photographer from the Chemical Bank New York Trust Company visited the A&T campus.

The purpose of the visit was to get an overview of the A&T campus and to take candid shots of the students, faculty, and campus for the bank's Annual Report. The over 200 pictures taken will help to accentuate the Chemical Bank New York Trust Company-A&T relationship.

Dr. Sidney Evans, chairman of the Department of Economics, spent nine weeks during the summer of 1968 with the New York bank to observe the bank's operation with emphasis on training and recruiting. Dr. Evans spent from one to three days in all the major departments of the bank. Dr. Evans assigned to the bank was the result of his having received the National Urban League's Summer Fellowship Program. This program of the National Urban League is designed to give teachers of predominantly black schools on-the-job training relevant to their particular discipline.

"As a result of that summer, I feel we have established a very good relationship with the bank, and as a result of their recruiting activities here, several students here have been offered employment. The experiences I have acquired have enabled me, in general, to be more effective in teaching economics that involves financial institutions—especially money and banking," Dr. Evans admitted.

Charles Asselin, assistant vice president in the Personnel Division of the bank says recruiters will be on campus again this spring to recruit persons from the divisions of economics and business administration.

Chemical Bank New York Trust Company is the sixth largest commercial bank in the United States with branches and offices in many foreign countries. In 1967 alone, net operating earnings were slightly more than $61.1 million.

State Officer Expounds On Campus Issues

(Continued From Page 3)

... these stories are told, you can almost hear his voice. And, the illustrations are as vibrant and as immediate as the words.—"Publishers' Weekly

BLACK FOLKTALES

By JULIUS LESTER

Illustrated by TOM FEELINGS

$4.50, now at your bookstore.

RICHARD W. BARON

Publishing Co., Inc.

243A East 49th Street

New York, N.Y. 10017

10 things America's new small cars won't talk about.

Nova talks about things those new little cars prefer not to mention.

For instance, (1) a cargo-guard luggage compartment; (2) an extra set of fenders inside the fenders; (3) flush and dry rocker panels that help prevent rust; (4) a quality built body by Fisher; (5) Magic-Mirror lacquer finish; (6) a firm, steady ride programmed by computer-selected springs; (7) six different engines and five transmissions available; (8) an available lighting group that even includes a monitor for your windshield washer fluid; (9) radar you can order, with antenna built right into the windshield and (10) the availability of a new, more compact, radio/cassette tape system. America's little cars don't offer them. Nova does.

Nova also has a very appealing price. And a lot of loyal friends.

Wonder why.

Putting you first, keeps us first.

10 things America's new small cars won't talk about.

Novartis Animal Health